Clean Copy of Pending Claims

1. Enantiomerically enriched 3-{3-[1-(Isopropyl-phenyl-carbamoylmethyl)-2,4-dioxo-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[b][1,4]diazepine-3-yl]-ureido} benzoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

2. The enantiomerically enriched compound of Claim 1 wherein the (+) enantiomer, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, is at least 90% of said compound.

3. The enantiomerically enriched compound of Claim 2, wherein the (+) enantiomer, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, is at least 99% of said compound.

4. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the enantiomerically enriched compound as claimed in claim 1 in admixture with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and or excipients.

5. A method for treating a CCK-A mediated disease or condition comprising administration of an effective amount of compound as claimed in claim 1.

6. A method for treating a CCK-A mediated disease or condition comprising administration of the pharmaceutical composition as claimed in Claim 4.

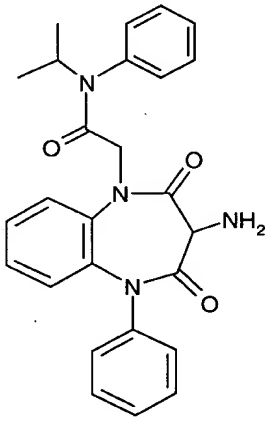
7. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein said disease or condition is obesity, gallbladder stasis, or diabetes.

8. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein said disease or condition is obesity.

10. A process for the preparation of a compound as claimed in claim 1 which comprises:

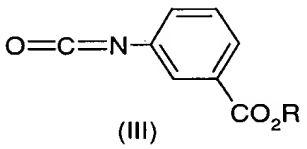
(a) resolution of racemic 3-[3-[1-(isopropyl-phenyl-carbamoylmethyl)-2,4-dioxo-5-phenyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[b][1,4]diazepine-3-yl]benzoic acid by chiral hplc;

(b) reaction of the appropriate enantiomer of the amine of formula (II)

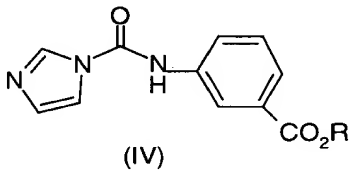


(II)

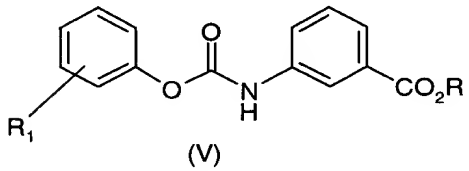
with the isocyanate of formula (III), imidazolide of formula (IV) or optionally substituted phenyl carbamate of formula (V)



(III)



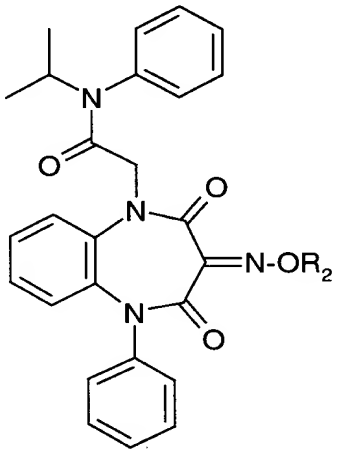
(IV)



(V)

followed by removal of the carboxy protecting group R.

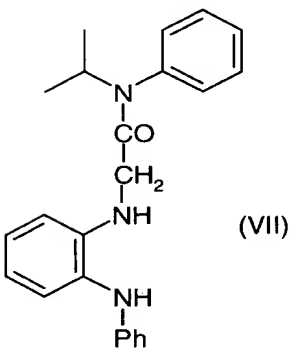
11. A process as claimed in claim 10 wherein the required compound of claim 1 is prepared via the racemic amine (II) which has been prepared by concomitant reduction and hydrogenolysis of the oxime (VI),



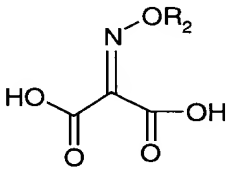
(VI)

wherein R_2 is an optionally substituted benzyl group.

12. A process as claimed in claim 11 wherein the oxime (VI) is prepared from the ortho phenylene diamine (VII) and an activated derivative of the diacid (VIII),



(VII)



(VIII)

wherein, R_2 is an optionally substituted benzyl group.

13. A medicament for the treatment of a CCK-A medicated disease or condition comprising the compound of Claim **1**.